

Supplementary Materials

Test Masters 23, 24
Resource Book pp. 26-29

Chapter Test

List all pairs of integral factors of each integer.

1. -87 $\begin{matrix} (1)(-87) & (-1)(87) \\ (3)(-29) & (-3)(29) \end{matrix}$ 2. 91 $\begin{matrix} (1)(91) & (-1)(-91) \\ (7)(13) & (-7)(-13) \end{matrix}$

Give the prime factorization of each number.

3. $420 = 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$ 4. $168 = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$

Simplify each fraction.

5. $\frac{-70m^5}{-42mn^7} \cdot \frac{5m^4}{3n^2}$ 6. $\frac{(-3x)^4}{-39x} - \frac{27x^3}{13}$
7. $\frac{49ab^2 - 56ab^8}{7ab^2} \cdot 7 - 8b^6$ 8. $\frac{-65r^6 + 78r^4 - 52r^2}{-13r^2} \cdot 5r^4 - 6r^2 + 4$

Evaluate by factoring first.

9. $97 \times 16 - 97 \times 6 = 970$ 10. $82^2 + 82 \cdot 18 = 8200$

Write each product as a polynomial.

11. $(5m - 1)(6m - 5) = 30m^2 - 31m + 5$ 12. $(7x - y)(8x + 9y) = 56x^2 + 55xy - 9y^2$
13. $(7 - 8x)(7 + 8x) = 49 - 64x^2$ 14. $(c^4 + c^2)(c^4 - c^2) = c^8 - c^4$
15. $(x - 9)^2 = x^2 - 18x + 81$ 16. $(4m - 6n)^2 = 16m^2 - 48mn + 36n^2$

Decide whether each trinomial is a perfect square. If it is, factor it. If it is not, write *not a perfect square*.

17. $n^2 + 16k - 64$ *not a perfect square* 18. $16x^2 - 8x + 1 = (4x - 1)^2$ 19. $a^2 - 9ab + 81b^2$ *not a perfect square*

Factor completely. If the polynomial is not factorable, write *prime*.

20. $b^2 - 3b + 2 = (b - 2)(b - 1)$ 21. $x^2 - 2x + 4$ *prime* 22. $a^2 - 6ab + 8b^2$
23. $a^2 - 6a - 40 = (a - 10)(a + 4)$ 24. $z^2 + z - 3$ *prime* 25. $x^2 + 22xy - 48y^2$
26. $4a^2 - a - 5 = (4a - 5)(a + 1)$ 27. $6y^2 + y - 15 = (3y + 5)(2y - 3)$ 28. $7 - 23r + 6r^2$
29. $5(x - y) + z(y - x) = (5 - z)(x - y)$ 30. $ax + 2x + a + 2 = (x + 1)(a + 2)$
31. $x^4 - 1 = (x^2 + 1)(x + 1)(x - 1)$ 32. $x^2y - y^3 = y(x + y)(x - y)$
33. $9m^3 - 63m^2 + 108m = 9m(m - 4)(m - 3)$ 34. $a^2 + a + ab + b = (a + b)(a + 1)$

Solve.

22. $(a - 4b)(a - 2b)$ 25. $(x + 24y)(x - 2y)$ 28. $(7 - 2r)(1 - r)$
35. $3x^2 - 41x = -60 \left\{ \frac{5}{3}, 12 \right\}$ 36. $5m^2 = 85m \{0, 17\}$ 37. $9x^2 = 1 \left\{ -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \right\}$

38. The length of a rectangle is 3 cm more than twice the width. The area of the rectangle is 90 cm^2 . Find the dimensions of the rectangle. **15 cm by 6 cm**